

(7) Description of the investigative judgment

All the names contained in the Book of Life will be brought up, beginning with the names of those who first lived upon the earth and closing with the names of those who are alive when the investigative judgment takes place.

These names are names of believers in Jesus Christ. As the name of each believer is brought up, the record of that believer will be examined. If the records show that every sin of a believer has been confessed and forgiven, the following things will happen:

- (a) The name of that believer will be retained in the Book of Life (Rev.3:5)
- (b) Jesus Christ will represent that believer before God the Father in the heavenly court, and He will plead that believer's case (I Jn. 2:1)
- (c) The record of that believer's sins will be blotted out (Isa. 43:25)
- (d) That believer will be accounted worthy to receive eternal life (Luke 20:35,36)

If the records show that every sin ^{of} a believer has not been confessed and forgiven, the following things will happen:

- (a) The name of that believer will be blotted out of the Book of Life (Ex.32:33)
- (b) The record of the good deeds of that believer will be blotted out of the Book of Remembrance (Ezek.18:24)
- (c) That believer will be annihilated with the wicked (Rev. 20:15)

(8) Purpose of the Investigative Judgment

The purpose of the investigative judgment is to determine whether or not those who have believed in Jesus are worthy to receive eternal life.

c. Refutation of the doctrine

(1) It has no Biblical support

- (a) An examination of Daniel 7:9,10,13,14
- (b) An examination of Daniel 8:14
- (c) An examination of rev. 14:6,7