

A. Syllable

1. Beginning of the Syllable

Every syllable begins with a consonant except in one case. This case will be discussed later.

2. Kinds of Syllables

a. Open Syllable

The open syllable consists of a consonant and a full vowel.

b. Closed Syllable

The closed syllable consists of a consonant, a full vowel, and another consonant.

B. Accent

The main accent is on the ultima except in certain cases where it is on the penult. These cases will be discussed later.

VII. Hebrew Sentence

A. Order of the Sentence

1. Verbal Sentence (this is a sentence with a finite verb)

a. Verb

b. Subject

c. Object

2. Nominal Sentence (this is a sentence without a finite verb)

a. Subject

b. Predicate

NOTE: When a sentence does not have a finite verb, the verb "to be" is assumed. It is not written.

B. Sign of the End of the Sentence

The sign of the end of the Hebrew sentence is the $\text{\textcircled{:}}$ which means "end of verse."

VIII. B^eghad^hk^ephath Letters

A. Identification of the Letters