

- i. Write the base form (e.g. $\psi\text{ו}\bar{\text{ב}}$).
- ii. Put a silent shewa under the last letter of the base form (e.g. $\psi\text{ו}\bar{\text{ב}}$).
- iii. Add the consonantal sufformative to the end of the base form (e.g. $\pi\bar{\text{ב}}\psi\text{ו}\bar{\text{ב}}$ = written without the vowel letter waw).

(c) Vocalic Sufformatives

- i. Write the base form (e.g. $\psi\text{ו}\bar{\text{ב}}$).
- ii. Add the vocalic sufformative to the end of the base form (e.g. $\psi\text{ו}\bar{\text{ב}}$).

(4) Infinitive Absolute

The form is $\psi\text{ו}\bar{\text{ב}}$.

(5) Infinitive Construct

The form is $\psi\text{ו}\bar{\text{ב}}$.

(6) Participles

(a) Active Participle

The form is $\psi\text{ו}\bar{\text{ב}}$.

(b) Passive Participle

No form is given.

NOTE: When an ending is added to the active participle, the vowel of the participle does not change (e.g. $\pi\bar{\text{ב}}\psi\text{ו}\bar{\text{ב}}$).

5. Polel, Polal, and Hithpolel

a. Perfect Tense

(1) No Sufformative

The forms are $\pi\bar{\text{ב}}\psi\text{ו}\bar{\text{ב}}$ - Polel, $\pi\bar{\text{ב}}\psi\text{ו}\bar{\text{ב}}$ - Polal, and $\pi\bar{\text{ב}}\psi\text{ו}\bar{\text{ב}}$ - Hithpolel.

(2) Consonantal Sufformatives

(a) Write the base form (e.g. $\pi\bar{\text{ב}}\psi\text{ו}\bar{\text{ב}}$ - Polel, $\pi\bar{\text{ב}}\psi\text{ו}\bar{\text{ב}}$ - Polal, and $\pi\bar{\text{ב}}\psi\text{ו}\bar{\text{ב}}$ - Hithpolel).

(b) Put a silent shewa under the last letter of the base form (e.g. $\pi\bar{\text{ב}}\psi\text{ו}\bar{\text{ב}}$).