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leading scholars in Germany and came back with a great zeal and a great desire to serve the Lord but with many of the theories of the higher criticism in his head, theories which he later gave up, little by little. He told me once that he wrote a book on the Bible which he said was thoroughly filled with the higher criticism and he was very glad that he didn't get it published, when he came across it later in his life. He was so glad he never had actually published anything like that. But R. A. Torrey, this great scholar, became eventually Moody's right-hand man and he was a man of humility, a man who was ready to see the greatness of the slightly educated man of remarkable talent and consecration to the Lord and to be ready to pour water upon his hands as Elisha upon the hands of Elijah, and to work with him and to help him in his work, and R. A. Torrey had theological discernment. He had a thorough theological foundation and he got completely away from the influence of the higher criticism which he had come under in Germany--he had also come under very godly teachers in Germany. He told me he studied under at Erlangen and he studied under Franz Deilitzsch in Leipzig, for instance, but Moody did as so many men do who have little education themselves. When they get a good work going they proceed to found some schools and Moody founded the, at Northfield a girls' academy, at Mt. Vernon, a boys' academy, and in Chicago he founded the Moody Bible Institute, and R. A. Torrey became Superintendent of the Moody Bible Institute. Two of these works, from what I can gather, have gone almost completely modernistic since his death. His two sons have become modernists, rather thorough going modernists. One of them even said if his father was living today he would believe in the higher criticism, and the Moody Bible Institute, after Moody's death, was only saved by the fact that God raised up other great men, men of high education and of great consecration also who exerted a great influence in carrying it on, after Moody's death, so that Moody's influence, the great good that he did, was largely the immediate effect rather than the lasting effect but the immediate effect cannot possibly be overestimated.